



**Krishna Chaitanya Institute of Science & Technology**  
**(Autonomous)**  
**(Affiliated to V.S.University, Nellore)**  
**Kakatur, Nellore(Dt).**

**IMCA/MCA (Dual Degree)**

**(Artificial Intelligence)**

**COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS (FOR SEMESTERS I & II)**

**w.e.f. AY 202526**

| Year     | Semester  | Course   | Title of the Course                                       | No. of Hrs /Week | No. of Credits | Max. Marks Internal Assessment | Max. Marks University Exam | Total Marks |
|----------|-----------|----------|---|------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| <b>I</b> | <b>I</b>  | <b>1</b> | Computer Fundamentals and Office Automation               | <b>3</b>         | <b>3</b>       | <b>30</b>                      | <b>70</b>                  | <b>100</b>  |
|          |           |          | Computer Fundamentals and Office Automation-Practical     | <b>2</b>         | <b>1</b>       | <b>0</b>                       | <b>50</b>                  | <b>50</b>   |
|          |           | <b>2</b> | Accounting & Systems Approaches to Management             | <b>3</b>         | <b>3</b>       | <b>30</b>                      | <b>70</b>                  | <b>100</b>  |
|          |           |          | Accounting & Systems Approaches to Management - Practical | <b>2</b>         | <b>1</b>       | <b>0</b>                       | <b>50</b>                  | <b>50</b>   |
|          | <b>II</b> | <b>3</b> | Problem Solving Using C                                   | <b>3</b>         | <b>3</b>       | <b>30</b>                      | <b>70</b>                  | <b>100</b>  |
|          |           |          | Problem Solving Using C-Practical                         | <b>2</b>         | <b>1</b>       | <b>0</b>                       | <b>50</b>                  | <b>50</b>   |
|          |           | <b>4</b> | Database Management System                                | <b>3</b>         | <b>3</b>       | <b>30</b>                      | <b>70</b>                  | <b>100</b>  |
|          |           |          | Database Management System-Practical                      | <b>2</b>         | <b>1</b>       | <b>0</b>                       | <b>50</b>                  | <b>50</b>   |

## SEMESTER-I

### COURSE 1: COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS AND OFFICE AUTOMATION

Theory

Credits: 3

3 hrs/week

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#### Course Objectives

1. **Understand foundational computing concepts**, including the evolution of computers, block diagrams, and generational progress.
2. **Develop knowledge of computer architecture**, focusing on system components.
3. **Acquire practical skills in document creation**, formatting, and digital presentations using word processing tools.
4. **Gain proficiency in spreadsheet operations**, such as data entry, formulas, functions, and charting techniques.
5. **Introduce data visualization and basic modeling principles**, fostering analytical thinking in structuring and interpreting data sets.

#### Course Outcomes

1. At the End of the Course, The Students will be able to explain the historical evolution of computers, and identify key components in a block diagram.
2. Learners will demonstrate **basic blocks of a computer and Hardware Components**.
3. Learners will create professional-level documents and **design visually appealing presentations** using word processing software.
4. Learners will manipulate data within spreadsheets, apply formulas, and **generate accurate summaries and visualizations**.
5. Learners will apply data modeling techniques to **analyze, organize, and represent data effectively** in various scenarios.

#### UNIT-I: Number Systems, Introduction, Functional Components

**Number Systems:** Binary, Decimal, Octal, Hexadecimal; conversions between number systems (Decimal to Binary, Binary to Decimal)

**Introduction to Computers:** Characteristics and Limitations of Computer, Types of Computers, Block Diagram of Computer, Computer Generations

**Functional Components:** Input devices and output devices.

#### UNIT –II: Memory, Software, N/w fundamentals

**Memories:** Primary memory, Secondary Memory, and cache memory.

**Software :** Types of Software, Application Software, System Software.

**Networking Fundamentals:** Definition, need for networks, types (LAN, WAN, MAN), topology (Star, Ring, Bus).

### **UNIT –III: MS-Office & MS-Word**

**Introduction to MS Office & MS Word:** Features of MS -Word, MS -Word Window components, creating, saving and opening documents, Printing documents

**Formatting documents:** Selecting text, Formatting characters, changing cases, Paragraph formatting, Bullets & numbering

**Editing Text:** Copying & moving data, Finding & replacing text, Reversing actions (undo), Header & footer

**Working with Graphics:** Inserting pictures from Computer - Insert Shapes

### **UNIT IV: MS-Excel Fundamentals**

**Introduction to MS Excel & Its features:** Excel Features, MS -Excel window components, Spreadsheets, workbooks, creating, saving & editing a workbook, Renaming sheet, cell entries (numbers, labels, and formulas), find and replace, Adding and deleting rows and columns, Formatting worksheet

**Formatting options:** Adjusting row height and column width - Formatting cell values, conditional formatting

### **UNIT-V: Excel Functions, Sorting, Filtering, Charts**

**Formulas & Functions:** Definition, operators, Cell referencing (Relative, Absolute, Mixed) in a formula, Inserting a function in Excel, Types of functions in Excel: Mathematical, Statistical, Logical, Text

**Working with Data ranges:** Sorting: Sorting on single column, sorting on multiple columns - Filtering: Filtering data using AutoFilter

**Working with Charts:** Different types of charts, Creating a chart, Parts of chart, Changing chart type, changing chart options

#### **Textbooks:**

1. **Fundamentals of Computers**, Reema Thareja, Oxford University Press, Second Edition
2. **Fundamentals of Computers**, V. Rajaraman – PHI Learning
3. **Introduction to Computers** by Peter Norton – McGraw Hill
4. **Microsoft Office 2007 Fundamentals**, 1st Edition By Laura Story, Dawn Walls

#### **References:**

1. **Microsoft Office 365 In Practice** by Randy Nordell – McGraw Hill Education
2. **Excel 2021 Bible** by Michael Alexander, Richard Kusleika – Wiley
3. **Microsoft Official Docs and Training:** <https://learn.microsoft.com>
4. **Networking All-in-One For Dummies** by Doug Lowe – Wiley
5. **Google Workspace Learning Center:** <https://support.google.com/a/users/>

**Activities:**

**Outcome:** At the End of the Course, The Students will be able to identify key components in a block diagram.

**Activity:** Create a digital poster or info graphic illustrating the timeline of computer generations with key innovations.

**Evaluation Method:** Rubric-based assessment of the poster presentation on a 10-point scale focusing on:

- Correct identification of block diagram components
- Visual organization and creativity

**Outcome:** Learners will create professional-level documents and **design visually appealing presentations** using word processing software and presentation software.

**Activity:** Prepare a formal report (e.g., project proposal) in a word processor and present it using a slide deck with transitions, embedded media, and design elements.

**Evaluation Method:** Performance-based evaluation using a 10-point scoring scale:

- Formatting and structure of the document
- Presentation aesthetics and clarity
- Communication skills during presentation

**Outcome:** Learners will manipulate data within spreadsheets, apply formulas, and **generate accurate summaries and visualizations.**

**Activity:** Analyze a dataset (e.g., student scores or sales data) using spreadsheet software. Apply formulas and create relevant charts.

**Evaluation Method:** Practical test with a rubric:

- Correct use of formulas
- Accuracy of data summaries

**Outcome:** Learners will apply data modeling techniques to **analyze, organize, and represent data effectively** in various scenarios.

**Activity:** Prepare an interactive dashboard for a given data set using EXCEL.

**Evaluation Method:** Evaluation of the dashboard on a 10-point scoring scale:

- Presentation aesthetics and clarity
- Instructiveness
- Communication skills during presentation

## SEMESTER-I

### COURSE 1: COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS AND OFFICE AUTOMATION

Practical

Credits: 1

2 hrs/week

#### List of Experiments:

1. Demonstration of Assembling and Disassembling of Computer Systems.
2. Identify and prepare notes on the type of Network topology of your institution.
3. Prepare your resume in Word.
4. Using Word, write a letter to your higher official seeking 10-days leave.
5. Design a visiting card for Managing Director of a company as per the following specification.
  - a. Size of visiting card is  $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2$
  - b. Name of the company with big font
  - c. Phone number, Fax number and E-mail address with appropriate symbols.
  - d. Office and Residence address separated by a line
6. Using a spreadsheet, prepare your class Time Table.
7. Using Spreadsheet, calculate the Gross and Net salary of employees (Min 5) considering all the allowances

| SNO | Employee Number | Employee Name | Basic Pay | DA | HRA | GPF | Gross Pay | Income Tax | Net Pay |
|-----|-----------------|---------------|-----------|----|-----|-----|-----------|------------|---------|
| 1   |                 |               |           |    |     |     |           |            |         |
| 2   |                 |               |           |    |     |     |           |            |         |

DA:-56% of the basic pay if Basic pay is greater than 20000 or else 44%.

HRA:-15% of the Basic pay subject to maximum of Rs.4000.

GPF: -10% of the basic pay.

INCOME TAX:-10% of basic if Basic pay is greater than 20000. Find who is getting highest salary & who is get lowest salary?

8. Using a Spreadsheet, calculate the Gross and Net salary of employees (Min 5) considering all the allowances.
9. Create an electronic spread sheet in which you implement conversion of numbers.
  - a. Convert Decimal Numbers into Binary:35,68,95,78,165,225,355,375,465
  - b. Convert Binary Numbers into Decimal:101,1101,11101,11111,10001,11101111
10. Generate the class-wise and subject-wise results for a class of 20 students. Also generate the highest and lowest marks in each subject.
11. Using IF, AND, OR, and IFERROR to Automate Grade Evaluation.
  - a. Create a table of student scores in different subjects.
  - b. Use IF to assign grades (A/B/C/Fail).
  - c. Use IFERROR to handle missing scores or invalid data

12. The ABC Company shows the sales of different product For 5 years. Create BAR Graph, 3D and Pie chart for the following.

| S.No. | Year | Pro1 | Pro2 | Pro3 | Pro4 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1     | 1989 | 1000 | 800  | 900  | 1000 |
| 2     | 1990 | 800  | 80   | 500  | 900  |
| 3     | 1991 | 1200 | 190  | 400  | 800  |
| 4     | 1992 | 400  | 200  | 300  | 1000 |
| 5     | 1993 | 1800 | 400  | 400  | 1200 |

13. Enter the following data into the sheet.

| Name    | Department  | Salary |
|---------|-------------|--------|
| Anusha  | Accounts    | 12000  |
| Rani    | Engineering | 24000  |
| Lakshmi | Accounts    | 9000   |
| Purnima | Marketing   | 20000  |
| Bindu   | Accounts    | 4500   |
| Tejaswi | Accounts    | 11000  |
| Swetha  | Engineering | 15000  |
| Saroja  | Marketing   | 45000  |
| Sunitha | Accounts    | 5600   |
| Sandhya | Engineering | 24000  |
| Harika  | Marketing   | 8000   |

- Extract records for department t in Accounts and Salary > 10000
- Sort the data by salary with the department using “sort commands”.
- Sort department wise salaries in descending order
- Calculate total salary for each department

14. Designing a Data Entry Form with Drop-downs and Input Rules

- Create a student registration form.
- Add drop-down lists for course selection using Data Validation.
- Add input messages to guide users.
- Add error alerts for wrong entries.

15. Monthly Budget Planning using Goal Seek and Scenario Manager

- Create a simple personal budget (income, expenses, savings).
- Use Goal Seek to determine income needed to save a desired amount.
- Use Scenario Manager to compare different budgeting scenarios (best/ worst/ realistic case).
- Create a one-variable Data Table to analyze how different expenses affect savings.

**SEMESTER – I**  
**COURSE 1: COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS & OFFICE AUTOMATION**  
**Model Question Paper**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**SECTION - A**

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.  
(Marks: 5x4 marks =20 marks)

1. Write about characteristics of computers.
2. Define Number System. Explain binary number system
3. What is cache memory?
4. Briefly explain LAN and WAN.
5. Explain about the features of MS-Word.
6. Write about inserting pictures from computer into the document.
7. How to create a new workbook in MS-Excel?
8. Write about of conditional formatting in MS-Excel.
9. Define formula. Explain about the formulas in MS-Excel.
10. Explain about operators in MS-Excel.

**SECTION - B**

Answer FIVE questions, Choosing One question from each unit  
(Marks: 5x10 marks =50 marks)

**UNIT-I**

11. a) Explain briefly about output Devices.

Or

- b) Explain about block diagram of a computer

**UNIT-II**

- 12 a) What is software? Explain various types of software used in computers.

Or

- b) Explain about the different network topologies.

**UNIT-III**

13. a) How to create, save and open a document in MS-word?

Or

- b) Explain editing operations in MS-Word.

**UNIT-IV**

14. a) Write about MS-Excel window components..

Or

- b) Explain different formatting options in Excel.

**UNIT-V**

- 15 a) What is filter? How to use filters in MS-Excel.

Or

- b) Define Chart. Explain the types of charts in MS-Excel.

**Instruction to Paper Setter:**

**Two questions must be given from each unit in Section -A.**

## **SEMESTER – I**

### **COURSE 2 : ACCOUNTING & SYSTEMS APPROACHES TO MANAGEMENT**

**Theory**

**Credits: 3**

**3 hrs/Week**

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#### **Learning Objectives**

The course aims to help learners to acquire conceptual knowledge of financial accounting, to impart skills for recording various kinds of business transactions and to prepare financial statements.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able: to

1. Understand the basic concepts of financial accounting.
2. Analyse the accounting process and enable management information systems.
3. Enable the students to understand the various methods of depreciation and its calculation;
4. Examine the impact of provisions and reserves on profitability of business;
5. Workout with final accounts and assess the financial position of the concern.

#### **UNIT – I : - Fundamentals of Management**

Introduction – Definition – nature and scope of management – characteristics of management – functions of management – management V/s administration – Henry Fayol principles of management – qualities of good manager.

#### **Unit-II: Introduction to Accounting & Management information system:**

Definition - Need for Accounting - Classification of Accounts - Book Keeping Vs Accounting - Advantages and Limitations of Accounting - Double Entry Book Keeping - Journal- Posting to Ledger.

Management information systems – Components of Management information system – role of systems integration in management & Role of information technology in system efficiency.

#### **Unit-III: Subsidiary Books :**

Types of Subsidiary Books – purchase book – purchase returns book – sales book – sales returns book - Cash Book, Three Column Cash Book (Problems)

#### **Unit-IV: Bank Reconciliation Statement & Trial Balance:**

Need for Bank Reconciliation Statement - Reasons for Difference Between Cash Book and Pass Book Balance - Preparation of Bank Reconciliation Statement (Problems)  
Trail Balance - Preparation of Trial Balance (Problems)

#### **Unit-V: Final Accounts – Adjusting Entries:**

Preparation of Trading - Profit and Loss Account - Balance Sheet with Adjustments (Problems)  
Adjusting Entries (Problems)

#### **Text books: -**

1. S.P. Jain & K.L Narang, Accountancy, Kalyani Publishers.
2. T. S. Reddy and A. Murthy - Financial Accounting, Margham Publications.
3. S.N.Maheshwari & V.L.Maheswari, Advanced Accountancy-I, Vikas Publishers.
4. Tulsan, Accountancy-I - Tata McGraw Hill Co
5. Murthi CSV : Management Information Systems ( Himalaya )



**Reference Books:**

1. R.L. Gupta & V.K. Gupta, Principles and Practice of Accounting, Sultan Chand
2. Ranganatham G and Venkataramanaiah, Financial Accounting, S Chand Publications.
3. V.K. Goyal, Financial Accounting Excel Books
4. T.S. Grewal, Introduction to Accountancy, Sultan Chand & Co.
5. Arulanandam, Advanced Accountancy, Himalaya Publishers
6. Haneef and Mukherjee, Accountancy-I, Tata McGraw Hill
7. Kenneth C. Laudon and Jane. P Laudon, MIS.

**Activities:**

- Assignment on subsidiary Books.
- Group Activities on Problem solving in Depreciation Methods.
- Collect and examine the balance sheets of business organizations to study how these are prepared.
- Quiz Programs
- Problem Solving Exercises
- Co-operative learning
- Group Discussions on problems relating to topics covered by syllabus
- Reports on Financial Accounts from local firms.
- Visit a Consignment and Joint venture firms (Individual and Group)
- Collection of proforma of bills and promissory notes
- Examinations (Scheduled and surprise tests)
- Any similar activities with imaginative thinking beyond the prescribed syllabus

## **SEMESTER-I**

### **COURSE 2: ACCOUNTING & SYSTEMS APPROACHES TO MANAGEMENT**

Practical

Credits: 1

2 hrs/week

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#### **Lab Exercise:**

- Creating a Company; Configure and Features settings; Creating Accounting Ledgers and Groups; Stock Items and Groups.
- Vouchers Entry including GST; Generating Reports - Cash Book, Ledger Accounts, Trial Balance, Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet.
- Selecting and shutting a Company; Backup, and Restore data of a Company.
- Bank Reconciliation statement – Examining Cash Book – Passbook.
- Procedure of subsidiary books – Cash Book – Triple Column Cash Book.

**SEMESTER – I**  
**MODEL QUESTION PAPER**  
**COURSE 2: ACCOUNTING & SYSTEMS APPROACHES TO MANAGEMENT**  
**Time: 3 Hours** **Max. Marks: 70 Marks**

**SECTION – A**  
**Answer any FIVE of the following.**  
**(5 x 3 Marks = 15 Marks)**

- 1) Qualities of good manager.
- 2) Explain any three characteristics of management
- 3) MIS.
- 4) From the following particulars prepare Raju's account.

|            |                                  | <b>Rs.</b> |
|------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| 01-01-2024 | Amount due from Raju             | 8,000      |
| 05-01-2024 | Sold goods to Raju               | 14,000     |
| 08-01-2024 | Purchased goods from Raju        | 5,000      |
| 14-01-2024 | Cash received from Raju          | 6,000      |
| 24-01-2024 | Cash paid to Raju                | 4,000      |
| 31-01-2024 | Settled Raju's Account by Cheque |            |

- 5) Contra entry.
- 6) Types of subsidiary books.
- 7) From the following particulars prepare bank reconciliation statement as on 30.04.2010.
  - a) Bank balance as per pass book Rs. 12,000.
  - b) Cheques deposited but not collected Rs. 2,000.
  - c) Cheques issued but not presented Rs. 1,500.
  - d) Bank charges appeared in passbook Rs. 200.
- 8) From the following particulars prepare Trial Balance.

|                    |        |                   |        |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| Cash               | 4,000  | Plant             | 30,000 |
| Capital            | 25,000 | Bank Loan         | 6,000  |
| Stock              | 5,000  | Sales             | 10,000 |
| Comession received | 1,000  | Reserve           | 3,000  |
| Drawing            | 3,000  | Discount reveived | 4,000  |
| Purchase returns   | 1,000  | Creditors         | 15,000 |
| Purchases          | 15,000 |                   |        |

- 9) Gross profit.
- 10) Write adjusting entries (i) unpaid salaries (ii) intrest on drawings

**SECTION – B**  
**Answer FIVE questions, Choosing One question from each unit**  
**(5 x 11 Marks = 55 Marks)**

**Unit – I**

- 11) a) Define management and explain nature and scope of management  
(Or)  
b) Explain Henry Fayol 14 Principles of management.

## UNIT - II

12) a) Journalize the following transactions.

- i. Commenced business with cash Rs. 30,000.
- ii. Brought goods for cash Rs. 5,000.
- iii. Purchased goods on credit Rs. 15,000 from raju.
- iv. Sold goods for cash Rs. 3,200.
- v. Sold goods Rs. 1,250 to Ramesh by cheque.
- vi. Cheque issued to Krishna and son's Rs. 7,500.
- vii. Cash paid to Sneha Rs. 8,800 in full settlement of his account Rs. 9,000.
- viii. Cash deposited in bank Rs. 4,000.
- ix. Electricity charges paid Rs. 500.
- x. Received commission Rs. 100.
- xi. Paid salary by Cheque Rs. 1,200.

(Or)

b) Explain Components of management information system.

## Unit – III

13) a) Enter the following transactions in suitable subsidiary books.

| Jan |                                    | Rs.   |
|-----|------------------------------------|-------|
| 1   | Purchased goods from Rekha (TD 5%) | 7,500 |
| 4   | Sold goods to Midhun               | 8,000 |
| 5   | Returned goods to Rekha            | 500   |
| 6   | Sold to Sridevi on credit          | 4,000 |
| 8   | Received goods returned by Midhun  | 400   |
| 10  | bought from Rajesh                 | 4,000 |
| 15  | Sold goods to Kishore (TD 10%)     | 3,000 |
| 16  | Returned goods to Rajesh           | 600   |
| 20  | Goods returned by Kishore          | 500   |
| 22  | Bought furniture from Ravi         | 5,000 |
| 25  | Cash sales to Raja                 | 4,000 |
| 27  | Bought from Kiran on credit        | 4,500 |
| 29  | Sold to Bhavya                     | 6,000 |

(Or)

b) Enter the following transactions in three columns cash book.

| Date       |  | Amount Rs. |
|------------|--|------------|
| 2023 Aug 1 | Cash Balance   | 25,000     |
|            | Bank Balance   | 15,000     |
| 8          | Cash Sales   | 22,000     |
| 9          | Payment for cash purchases   | 21,000     |
| 9          | Cash deposited in bank   | 15,000     |
| 14         | Withdraws from bank for personal use   | 6,000      |
| 16         | Withdraw from bank office use  | 14,500     |
| 20         | Received cheque from john in full & final settlement<br>& deposited the same in the bank | 10,700     |
| 25         | Cartage paid in cash   | 350        |
| 25         | Cheque received from Kumar   | 20,000     |
| 28         | Cheque received from Kumar deposited in Bank   | -          |

|    |                       |       |
|----|-----------------------|-------|
| 29 | Paid cash for postage | 220   |
| 30 | Purchased stationary  | 400   |
| 31 | Salaries paid         | 8,000 |
| 31 | Drawings              | 500   |

#### Unit – IV

14) a) Prepare bank reconciliation statement of merchant as on 31-12-2016.

- a) Cash book balance as on 31-12-2016 Rs. 10,000.
- b) Bank interest Credited Rs. 500 in the passbook only.
- c) Bank Charges Rs. 100 debited in passbook only.
- d) Cheques deposited into bank were not yet collected for Rs. 4,000.
- e) Cheques issued but not presented for payment Rs. 3,000.
- f) A customer directly deposited in bank Rs. 4,000.

(Or)

b) From the following balances extracted from the books of a trader, prepare trial balance as on 31<sup>st</sup> march, 2023.

|                     | <b>Rs.</b> |                     | <b>Rs.</b> |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|
| Insurance           | 7,840      | Sundry creditors    | 1,58,760   |
| Furniture           | 36,750     | Capital             | 4,90,000   |
| Stock               | 91,140     | Drawings            | 88,200     |
| Loan                | 2,45,000   | Buildings           | 4,90,000   |
| Bad debts           | 24,500     | Freehold premises   | 98,000     |
| Travelling expenses | 24,500     | Commission received | 98,000     |
| Sales               | 5,14,500   | Cash in hand        | 20,580     |
| Purchases           | 3,67,500   | Cash at bank        | 82,320     |
| Carriage inward     | 13,230     | Bills receivable    | 88,200     |
| Salaries            | 58,800     | Bills payable       | 78,400     |
| Advertisement       | 11,760     | Sundry debtors      | 1,20,540   |

#### Unit - V

15 a) From the following trail balance as on 31-12-2023, prepare trading and profit and loss account and balance sheet,

| <b>Debit Balances</b> | <b>Rs.</b> | <b>Credit Balances</b> | <b>Rs.</b> |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------------|------------|
| Opening stock         | 32,400     | Purchase returns       | 1,000      |
| Salaries              | 3,500      | Sales                  | 40,000     |
| Furniture             | 7,000      | Commission received    | 5,500      |
| Purchases             | 24,000     | Sundry creditors       | 3,500      |
| Sales returns         | 2,000      | Mortgage loan          | 10,000     |
| Travelling expenses   | 4,700      | Capital                | 50,000     |
| Buildings             | 10,000     |                        |            |
| Wages                 | 5,000      |                        |            |
| Water & gas           | 2,000      |                        |            |
| Carriage inwards      | 1,600      |                        |            |
| Insurance             | 1,000      |                        |            |
| Sundry debtors        | 8,000      |                        |            |
| Discount              | 1,800      |                        |            |

|                 |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Bank account    | 5,000           |                 |
| Sundry expenses | 2,000           |                 |
|                 | <b>1,10,000</b> | <b>1,10,000</b> |

**Adjustments**

- i. The closing stock was Rs. 39,000.
- ii. Outstanding salaries were Rs. 500.
- iii. Depreciate on Buildings at 10%.
- iv. Prepaid insurance Rs. 200/-.

(Or)

b) Write adjustment entries

- (i) Outstanding Salaries Rs. 5000.
- (ii) Unexpired insurances Rs. 1200.
- (iii) Accrued interest Rs. 6000.
- (iv) Commission received in advance Rs. 4200.
- (v) Depreciation on machinery Rs. 5000.
- (vi) Closing Stock Rs. 10000.
- (vii) 6% interest on capital worth of Rs. 1,00,000 capital.

**. Instruction to Paper Setter:**

**Two questions must be given from each unit in Section -A.**

## SEMESTER-II

### COURSE 3: PROBLEM SOLVING USING C

Theory

Credits: 3

3 hrs/week

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#### Course Objectives:

1. Understand the fundamentals of computer programming, Apply structured problem- solving approaches using algorithms, flowcharts, and C programming constructs.
2. Develop efficient logic using decision-making, loop, and jump control statements.
3. Utilize derived data types like arrays and strings for modular program design.
4. Design and implement modular solutions using functions, recursive logic, pointer operations, and dynamic memory management.
5. Handle complex data structures including structures, unions, and text file operations.

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

1. Understand basic computing concepts, programming paradigms and write structured C programs.
  2. Apply control flow statements to solve logical and repetitive tasks in C.
  3. Implement arrays and string operations to manage and manipulate data efficiently.
  4. Design modular code using functions, recursion, and appropriate parameter passing.
  5. Utilize pointers and memory operations for effective data handling.
- Demonstrate competence in dynamic memory allocation and text file processing.

#### UNIT-I: Introduction to computer programming

Introduction, Programming Languages - Generations of Programming Languages , Algorithms and Flow Charts,

**C Fundamentals:** Features of C, C Tokens: Keywords - Identifiers - Constants - Operators in C. Basic Data Types in C, Variables, Structure of C Program - I/O Statements (scanf, printf)

#### UNIT-II: Control statements:

**Decision making Statements:** simple if, if..else, else if ladder, nested if, switch statements – Programming Examples

**Loop Control Statements:** while loop, for loop and do-while loop

**Jump Control statements:** break and continue Statement - goto Statement

### **UNIT – III: Derived data types in C**

**Arrays:** Introduction - Declaration of Arrays - Accessing elements of the Array – Storing Values in Array - one dimensional array for inter-function communication – Two dimensional Arrays - two dimensional arrays for inter-function communication

**Strings:** Introduction - String operations - String functions

### **UNIT – IV: Functions, Structures and Unions**

**Functions:** Introduction - using functions - Function declaration/ prototype – Function definition - function call - return statement - Passing parameters - Scope of variables -Storage Classes - Recursive functions.

**Structure and Unions:** Introduction - Nested Structures - Arrays of Structures – Structures and Functions - Unions - Arrays of Unions Variables

### **UNIT- V: Dynamic Memory Management**

**Pointers:** Introduction to Pointers - declaring Pointer Variables - Passing Arguments to Functions using Pointer - Pointer and Arrays - Dynamic Memory Allocation

**File Handling:** Introduction to Files, File modes, File operations, Reading Data from Files, Writing Data from Files, Detecting the End-of-file

#### **Text Books:**

1. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, Tata McGraw Hill, 6 th Edn,
2. Computer fundamentals and programming in C, Reema Theraja, Oxford University Press

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Let us C, Y Kanetkar, BPB publications
2. Head First C: A Brain-Friendly Guide, David Griffiths, Dawn Griffiths

#### **Activities:**

**Outcome:** Understand basic computing concepts, programming paradigms and write structured C programs.

**Activity:** Create a concept map of computing fundamentals and programming paradigms (procedural, structured, object-oriented). Then, they write a structured C program (e.g., a calculator or student grade system) using proper syntax, indentation, and modular design.

**Evaluation Method:** Rubric-based Code Review & Viva to check the

- The correctness of the concept map
- Correct use of structure (main + functions)
- Identification of paradigm used
- Code readability and documentation



**Outcome:** Apply control flow statements to solve logical and repetitive tasks in C.

**Activity:** Implement a program that solves a logic puzzle (e.g., number guessing game, pattern generation, or prime number finder) using if, switch, for, while, and do-while.

**Evaluation Method:** Automated Test Cases + Peer Review to check the

- Correct use of control statements
- Logical correctness of output
- Efficiency and edge case handling
- Peer feedback on clarity and logic

**Outcome:** Implement arrays and string operations to manage and manipulate data efficiently.

**Activity:** Build a program that stores and arranges student marks in ascending and descending order using arrays and performs string operations like concatenation, comparing, and formatting names.

**Evaluation Method:** Functional Demonstration + Code Walkthrough to check the

- Correct array and string usage
- Memory efficiency
- Handling of invalid inputs
- Explanation of sorting/searching logic

**Activity:**

- **Recursive Problem Solver**

Students write a modular program to solve a recursive problem (e.g., factorial, Fibonacci, or Tower of Hanoi) using functions with parameters and return values.

**Evaluation Method:**

- **Code Trace + Written Quiz**

- Correct function decomposition
- Proper parameter passing (by value/reference)
- Recursion depth and base case handling
- Quiz on tracing recursive calls

**Outcome:** Utilize pointers and memory operations for effective data handling.

Demonstrate competence in dynamic memory allocation and text file processing.

**Activity:** Create a program that dynamically stores user input (e.g., survey responses) using pointers and writes/reads the data to/from a text file.

**Evaluation Method:** Memory Debugging + File I/O Assessment to check the

- Proper use of malloc, calloc, realloc, and free
- Pointer arithmetic and dereferencing
- File creation, reading, writing, and error handling

## SEMESTER-II

### COURSE 3: PROBLEM SOLVING USING C

Practical

Credits: 1

2 hrs/week

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#### List of Experiments:

1. Write a program to check whether the given number is Armstrong or not.
2. Write a program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
3. Write a program to generate the first n terms of the Fibonacci sequence.
4. Write a program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integer values
5. Write a program to demonstrate change in parameter values while swapping two integer variables using Call by Value & Call by Address
6. Write a program to perform various string operations.
7. Write a program to search an element in a given list of values.
8. Write a program that uses functions to add two matrices.
9. Write a program to calculate factorial of given integer value using recursive functions
10. Write a program for multiplication of two N X N matrices.
11. Write a program to sort a given list of integers in ascending order.
12. Write a program to calculate the salaries of all employees using Employee (ID, Name, Designation, Basic Pay, DA, HRA, Gross Salary, Deduction, Net Salary) structure.
  - a. DA is 30 % of Basic Pay
  - b. HRA is 15% of Basic Pay
  - c. Deduction is 10% of (Basic Pay + DA)
  - d. Gross Salary = Basic Pay + DA+ HRA
  - e. Net Salary = Gross Salary - Deduction
13. Write a program to read / write the data from / to a file.
14. Write a program to reverse the contents of a file and store in another file.
15. Write a program to create Book (ISBN, Title, Author, Price, Pages, Publisher) structure and store book details in a file and perform the following operations
  - a. Add book details
  - b. Search a book details for a given ISBN and display book details, if available
  - c. Update a book details using ISBN
  - d. Delete book details for a given ISBN and display list of remaining Books

**SEMESTER – II**  
**COURSE 3: PROBLEM SOLVING USING C**  
**Model Question Paper**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**SECTION - A**

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.  
(Marks: 5x4 marks =20 marks)

1. Write the Generations of programming language.
2. Write about variables used in C.
3. Explain switch statement with example.
4. Explain Break and Continue statements.
5. Define an array. How do you store values in an array?
6. What is string? Write about any three string operations.
7. Write about any two storage classes
8. Write about nested structures.
9. How do you declare pointer variables?
10. Write file modes in C

**SECTION - B**

Answer FIVE questions, Choosing One question from each unit  
(Marks: 5x10 Marks = 50 marks)

**UNIT-I**

11. a) What is Data type? Write about various data types used in C language.  
Or  
b) Explain Flow Chart and Algorithm with Example.

**UNIT-II**

12. a) Explain decision Branching statements  
Or  
b) Explain Looping Control statements with an example program

**UNIT-III**

13. a) Define Array. Explain one dimensional array with an example  
Or  
b) Define String. Explain various string functions used in C language.

**UNIT-IV**

14. a) What is Function? Write about recursive function with an example.  
Or  
b) What is structure? Briefly explain structures used in C language.

**UNIT-V**

15. a) Write about Dynamic Memory Allocation.  
Or  
b) What is file? Explain about reading and writing data to files

**Instruction to Paper Setter:**

**Two questions must be given from each unit in Section -A.**

## SEMESTER-II

### COURSE 4: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Theory

Credits: 3

3 hrs/week

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#### Course Objectives:

1. To understand the fundamentals of data, information, and the evolution from file-based systems to modern database management systems.
2. To develop the ability to design conceptual data models using Entity-Relationship (ER)
3. To explore relational model principles, such as keys, integrity constraints, relational algebra and calculus, and normalization.
4. To perform data definition and manipulation using SQL commands including queries, joins, sub queries, views, and set operations.
5. To apply procedural logic using PL/SQL, incorporating control structures, functions, procedures, and database triggers.

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

1. **Describe** the fundamentals of data, database systems, and the differences between file - based and database approaches. **Compare and classify** various DBMS architectures, data models, and their components.
2. **Design** conceptual data models using Entity-Relationship diagrams.
3. **Apply** relational model concepts, including CODD rules and normalization techniques.
4. **Construct and execute** SQL queries for data definition, manipulation, aggregation, joining, and sub queries, including views and set operations.
5. **Develop** PL/SQL programs incorporating control structures, procedures, and functions to manage database behavior effectively.

#### UNIT I

**Introduction to Database Management System:** Introduction to data, information, database, database management systems, Classification of Databases, advantages and disadvantages of database approach, Components of Database Management System

**The Relational Database Model:** Various Data Models, Relational Database model, Keys used in Relational model, Codd's relational database rules.

## UNIT II

**Entity–Relationship Model:** Introduction, The components of an Entity –Relationship model, entities, attributes relationships, Classification of Entity Sets, Attribute Classification, Relationship Degree, and Relationship Classification.

**Normalization:** Purpose of Normalization, concept of functional dependency, normal forms based on functional dependency (1NF, 2NF and 3NF), Boyce-Codd normal form (BCNF)

## UNIT III

**Structured Query Language:** Introduction, SQL literals, Data types in SQL, SQL operators, Commands in SQL, Data Definition Language (DDL) commands, Creating tables, Table Modification, Table Truncation, Creating Tables with constraints, Dropping tables, Data Manipulation Language (DML) commands: Inserting data into tables, updating data in tables and deleting data in tables. Transaction Control commands in SQL, Queries.

## UNIT IV

Aggregate Functions, Sub queries and correlated queries, Relational Set Operators, Joining Database Tables, Views: Types of views, creating views, dropping views, Data Control Language (DCL) commands: Grant and Revoke commands.

## UNIT V

**PL/SQL:** Introduction, Structure of PL/SQL program, PL/SQL Data Types, operators used in PL/SQL, variables, declaring variables in PL/SQL, Creating and running a PL/SQL Program, Control Structures, Conditional control statements, Iterative Control statements

### Textbooks:

1. Database System Concepts, Avi Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Seventh Edition, McGraw-Hill
2. Database Management Systems by Raghu Ramakrishnan, McGrawhill

### Reference Books:

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navathe Pearson Education
2. An Introduction to Database systems, C.J. Date, A.Kannan, S.Swami Nadhan, Pearson

**Activities:**

**Outcome:** Describe the fundamentals of data, database systems, and the differences between file-based and database approaches. Compare and classify various DBMS architectures, data models, and their components, including the three-schema architecture.

**Activity:** Create a comparative presentation or info graphic illustrating:

- File-based vs. DBMS approaches
- Types of DBMS architectures (1-tier, 2-tier, 3-tier)
- Data models and the three-schema architecture

**Evaluation Method:** Rubric-based assessment of the presentation covering clarity, accuracy, and depth of comparison. Include a short quiz to test conceptual understanding.

**Outcome:** Design conceptual data models using Entity-Relationship diagrams

**Activity:** Model a university or hospital database using ER diagrams that shows:

- Entity sets, relationships
- Participation and cardinality constraints

**Evaluation Method:** Diagram submission with peer review and instructor feedback. Use a checklist to assess completeness, correctness, and notation usage.

**Outcome:** Apply relational model concepts, including CODD rules and normalization techniques.

**Activity:** Normalize a given unstructured dataset up to 3NF. Then, write sample queries.

**Evaluation Method:** Written assignment graded on:

- Correctness of normalization steps
- Accuracy of relational algebra expressions
- Short-answer questions on CODD rules

**Outcome:** Construct and execute SQL queries for data definition, manipulation, aggregation, joining, and sub queries, including views and set operations.

**Activity:** Implement a mini-project (e.g., Library or Inventory DB) using SQL. Include:

- Table creation (DDL)
- Data manipulation (DML)
- Aggregation, joins, subqueries, views, and set operations

**Evaluation Method:** Lab-based practical test with query execution and output validation. Include a viva to explain logic and optimization.

**Outcome:** Develop PL/SQL programs incorporating control structures, procedures and functions to manage database behavior effectively.

**Activity:** Build a PL/SQL-based payroll or student grading system using:

- Procedures and functions
- Control structures (IF, LOOP)
- Triggers for automated updates

**Evaluation Method:** Code review and demonstration. Evaluate based on:

- Syntax correctness
- Logical flow

## SEMESTER-II

### COURSE 4: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Practical

Credits: 1

2 hrs/week

#### Experiment 1 : Database: Inventory Management

**Table 1: Products**

**Structure:**

| Column Name  | Data Type    | Constraints           |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| product_id   | NUMBER(10)   | PRIMARY KEY           |
| product_name | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL              |
| price        | NUMBER(10,2) | CHECK(price > 0)      |
| stock_qty    | NUMBER(4)    | CHECK(stock_qty >= 0) |

**Sample Data:**

| product_id | product_name | price  | stock_qty |
|------------|--------------|--------|-----------|
| 1          | Pen          | 10.00  | 100       |
| 2          | Notebook     | 50.00  | 200       |
| 3          | Stapler      | 120.00 | 50        |
| 4          | Marker       | 25.00  | 80        |
| 5          | File Folder  | 60.00  | 150       |

**Table 2: Suppliers**

**Structure:**

| Column Name   | Data Type    | Constraints                                 |
|---------------|--------------|---|
| supplier_id   | NUMBER(10)   | PRIMARY KEY                                 |
| supplier_name | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL                                    |
| contact_no    | VARCHAR2(20) | UNIQUE                                      |
| product_id    | NUMBER(10)   | FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Products(product_id) |

**Sample Data:**

| supplier_id | supplier_name  | contact_no | product_id |
|-------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| 101         | StationeryMart | 9876543210 | 1          |
| 102         | PaperWorld     | 9876500000 | 2          |
| 103         | OfficeSupplies | 9876512345 | 3          |
| 104         | MarkerHub      | 9876522222 | 4          |
| 105         | FileDepot      | 9876533333 | 5          |

**Section A: DDL (Data Definition Language)**

1. Create a database called Inventory DB.
2. Create a table Products and table Suppliers with the specified columns and constraints:

**Section B: DML (Data Manipulation Language)**

4. Insert at least 5 rows into the Products table.
5. Insert at least 5 rows into the Suppliers table.
6. Update the stock quantity of product 'Pen' to 120.
7. Delete a supplier with a specific supplier\_id.
8. Write a query to rename 'Notebook' to 'NoteBook A4'

**Section C: DQL (SELECT Queries)**

9. Display all records from the Products table.
10. Display only product\_name and price of all products.
11. List all products that have a stock quantity less than 100.
12. Show all products between 20 and 100 price range.
13. Find all suppliers whose contact number starts with '98765'.
14. Find the average price of products.
15. Display the total number of products in the inventory.
16. Show the maximum and minimum stock quantities.
17. Count how many suppliers supply each product.
18. Show all products where price > 50 AND stock\_qty > 100.
19. Show all products where price < 20 OR stock\_qty < 80.
20. Display suppliers whose supplier\_name contains the word 'Mart'
21. List all suppliers along with the product they supply (use INNER JOIN).
22. Display suppliers whose name starts with 'S'.
23. Find products whose name has exactly 5 characters
24. Find suppliers who supply products costing more than 100.

**Experiment 2 : ONLINE BOOKSTORE DB**

**An online book store wants to implement a BOOKSTORE DB for managing their online transactions by using the following tables.**

**Authors Table**

| Column Name | Data Type    | Constraints  |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| author_id   | NUMBER       | PRIMARY KEY  |
| first_name  | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL     |
| last_name   | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL     |
| nationality | VARCHAR2(50) | NULL allowed |



### Books Table

| Column Name      | Data Type    | Constraints                    |
|------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| book_id          | NUMBER       | PRIMARY KEY                    |
| Title            | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL                       |
| author_id        | NUMBER       | FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Authors |
| publication_year | NUMBER       |                                |
| Price            | NUMBER(10,2) |                                |

### Customers Table

| Column Name | Data Type    | Constraints      |
|-------------|--------------|------------------|
| customer_id | NUMBER(10)   | PRIMARY KEY      |
| first_name  | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL         |
| last_name   | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL         |
| Email       | VARCHAR2(50) | UNIQUE, NOT NULL |
| Address     | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL         |

### Orders Table

| Column Name | Data Type  | Constraints                      |
|-------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| order_id    | NUMBER(10) | PRIMARY KEY                      |
| customer_id | NUMBER(10) | FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Customers |
| book_id     | NUMBER(10) | FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Books     |
| order_date  | DATE       | NOT NULL                         |
| quantity    | NUMBER(10) | NOT NULL                         |

### SAMPLE DATA SET for BOOKSTORE DB

#### Authors Table

| author_id | first_name | last_name      | nationality |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-------------|
| 1         | Jane       | Austen         | British     |
| 2         | George     | Orwell         | British     |
| 3         | Gabriel    | Garcia Marquez | Colombian   |
| 4         | Toni       | Morrison       | American    |
| 5         | Mark       | Twain          | American    |
| 6         | Harper     | Lee            | American    |
| 7         | Fyodor     | Dostoevsky     | Russian     |

### Books Table

| book_id | Title                          | author_id | publication_year | price |
|---------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------|
| 101     | Pride and Prejudice            | 1         | 1813             | 12.99 |
| 102     | 1984                           | 2         | 1949             | 9.50  |
| 103     | One Hundred Years of Solitude  | 3         | 1967             | 15.00 |
| 104     | Beloved                        | 4         | 1987             | 11.25 |
| 105     | Animal Farm                    | 2         | 1945             | 8.75  |
| 106     | Adventures of Huckleberry Finn | 5         | 1884             | 10.50 |
| 107     | To Kill a Mockingbird          | 6         | 1960             | 14.00 |

### Customers Table

| customer_id | first_name | last_name | Email                 | address              |
|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 201         | Alice      | Smith     | alice.s@example.com   | 12 Oak St, London    |
| 202         | Bob        | Johnson   | bob.j@example.com     | 45 Pine Ave, Oxford  |
| 203         | Charlie    | Brown     | charlie.b@example.com | 78 Maple Rd, Bristol |
| 204         | Diana      | Prince    | diana.p@example.com   | 34 Queen St, York    |
| 205         | Edward     | Norton    | edward.n@example.com  | 22 River Ln, Leeds   |
| 206         | Fiona      | Hall      | fiona.h@example.com   | 56 Lake Dr, Bath     |
| 207         | Greg       | Miller    | greg.m@example.com    | 89 Park Ave, Glasgow |

### Orders Table

| order_id | customer_id | book_id | order_date | Quantity |
|----------|-------------|---------|------------|----------|
| 301      | 201         | 101     | 20-07-2025 | 1        |
| 302      | 202         | 102     | 21-07-2025 | 2        |
| 303      | 201         | 105     | 22-07-2025 | 1        |
| 304      | 203         | 103     | 23-07-2025 | 1        |
| 305      | 204         | 106     | 24-07-2025 | 1        |
| 306      | 205         | 107     | 25-07-2025 | 3        |
| 307      | 206         | 104     | 26-07-2025 | 2        |

### Section A: DDL (Schema Design & Constraints)

- Write SQL statements to create all 4 tables (Authors, Books, Customers, Orders) with:
  - Primary Keys
  - Foreign Keys
  - Appropriate data types
  - NOT NULL constraints where necessary.
- Alter the Books table to add a constraint that price must be greater than 0.
- Add a new column phone\_number to the Customers table VARCHAR2 (15)) and ensure it is unique.
- Drop the phone\_number column from the Customers table.

## **Section B: DML (Data Manipulation)**

5. Insert at least 7 records for each table (use sample dataset above).
6. Update the price of the book titled *Animal Farm* by increasing it by 10%.
7. Delete all orders made before 2025-07-21.
8. Change the nationality of Gabriel Garcia Marquez to “Latino-American”.

## **Section C: SELECT Queries (Data Querying)**

9. List all books published between 1900 and 2000.
10. Find all customers whose email contains “example.com”.
11. Retrieve books whose price is between 10 and 15 and published before 1950.
12. Show authors who are either ‘British’ or ‘American’.
13. Find books that have a price less than 10 or are published after 1980.
14. Show all books sorted by price in descending order.
15. List authors in alphabetical order by last\_name.
16. Display orders sorted by order\_date (latest first). Use of Date Functions
17. Show all orders placed in July 2025.
18. Show all orders with an estimated delivery date (5 days after order date).
19. Show customers who placed an order on a weekend.
20. Calculate how many days have passed since the last order was placed.

## **Aggregate Functions (COUNT, SUM, AVG, MIN, MAX)**

21. Count the total number of books in the database.
22. Find the average price of all books.
23. Show the highest-priced book.
24. Count how many orders each customer has placed.
25. Calculate the total sales (price × quantity) for each customer.

## **GROUP BY and HAVING**

26. Count how many books are written by each author.
27. Group orders by customer\_id and display total quantity ordered.
28. Show customers who have ordered more than 2 books in total (use HAVING).
29. Find the total number of books sold per author (GROUP BY author).

### Experiment 3: EMPLOYEE DB

An enterprise wants to automate its employee management process by implementing an Employee Database. The goal is to replace manual record-keeping with a centralized system that stores employee, department, and project details. Use the following table structures and data set to implement Employee DB.

#### EmployeeDB – Table Structures

##### 1. Departments Table

| Column    | Type         | Constraints      |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|
| dept_id   | NUMBER(5)    | PRIMARY KEY      |
| dept_name | VARCHAR2(50) | UNIQUE, NOT NULL |
| location  | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL         |

##### 2. Employees Table

| Column     | Type         | Constraints                                 |
|------------|--------------|---|
| emp_id     | NUMBER(5)    | PRIMARY KEY                                 |
| first_name | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL                                    |
| last_name  | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL                                    |
| email      | VARCHAR2(50) | UNIQUE, NOT NULL                            |
| phone      | VARCHAR2(50) | CHECK (phone LIKE '--____')                 |
| hire_date  | DATE         | NOT NULL                                    |
| job_title  | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL                                    |
| salary     | NUMBER(10,2) | CHECK (salary > 0)                          |
| dept_id    | INT          | FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Departments(dept_id) |

##### 3. Projects Table

| Column       | Type         | Constraints                                 |
|--------------|--------------|---|
| project_id   | NUMBER(10)   | PRIMARY KEY                                 |
| project_name | VARCHAR2(50) | NOT NULL                                    |
| start_date   | DATE         | NOT NULL                                    |
| end_date     | DATE         | NULL  |
| dept_id      | NUMBER(5)    | FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Departments(dept_id) |

#### 4. Employee\_Project Table (Many-to-Many)

| Column          | Type | Constraints  |
|-----------------|------|--|
| emp_id          | INT  | FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Employees(emp_id),<br>PRIMARY KEY(emp_id, project_id) |
| project_id      | INT  | FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Projects(project_id)                                  |
| hours_allocated | INT  | CHECK (hours_allocated > 0)  |

#### Sample Data Set

##### Departments Table

| dept_id | dept_name     | Location        |
|---------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1       | HR            | New York        |
| 2       | IT            | San Francisco   |
| 3       | Finance       | Chicago         |
| 4       | Marketing     | Boston          |
| 5       | Operations    | Seattle         |
| 6       | Legal         | Washington D.C. |
| 7       | Sales         | Dallas          |
| 8       | R&D           | Austin          |
| 9       | Procurement   | Denver          |
| 10      | Customer Care | Miami           |

## 2. Employees Table

| emp_id | first_name | last_name | Email              | phone        | hire_date  | job_title          | salary | dept_id | manager_id |
|--------|------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|--------|---------|------------|
| 101    | Alice      | Johnson   | alice.j@corp.com   | 123-456-7890 | 15-03-2020 | HR Manager         | 75000  | 1       | NULL       |
| 102    | Bob        | Smith     | bob.s@corp.com     | 234-567-8901 | 20-05-2019 | IT Analyst         | 65000  | 2       | 104        |
| 103    | Charlie    | Brown     | charlie.b@corp.com | 345-678-9012 | 01-10-2021 | Finance Executive  | 58000  | 3       | 106        |
| 104    | Diana      | Prince    | diana.p@corp.com   | 456-789-1234 | 07-12-2018 | IT Manager         | 90000  | 2       | NULL       |
| 105    | Ethan      | Hunt      | ethan.h@corp.com   | 567-890-1234 | 25-02-2022 | Marketing Lead     | 62000  | 4       | NULL       |
| 106    | Fiona      | Hall      | fiona.h@corp.com   | 678-901-2345 | 11-01-2017 | Finance Manager    | 85000  | 3       | NULL       |
| 107    | Greg       | Miles     | greg.m@corp.com    | 789-012-3456 | 15-04-2023 | IT Manager         | 45000  | 2       | 104        |
| 108    | Hannah     | White     | hannah.w@corp.com  | 890-123-4567 | 09-05-2021 | HR Executive       | 50000  | 1       | 101        |
| 109    | Ian        | Scott     | ian.s@corp.com     | 901-234-5678 | 20-11-2020 | Operations Analyst | 56000  | 5       | NULL       |
| 110    | Julia      | Adams     | julia.a@corp.com   | 012-345-6789 | 18-12-2019 | Legal Advisor      | 70000  | 6       | NULL       |

## 3. Projects Table

| project_id | project_name       | start_date | end_date | dept_id |
|------------|--------------------|------------|----------|---------|
| 201        | Payroll System     | 01-01-2023 | NULL     | 3       |
| 202        | Website Upgrade    | 10-02-2023 | NULL     | 2       |
| 203        | Recruitment Drive  | 05-03-2023 | NULL     | 1       |
| 204        | Ad Campaign        | 20-05-2023 | NULL     | 4       |
| 205        | New CRM Tool       | 15-04-2023 | NULL     | 7       |
| 206        | Compliance Portal  | 10-06-2023 | NULL     | 6       |
| 207        | Inventory System   | 01-07-2023 | NULL     | 5       |
| 208        | AI Research        | 05-08-2023 | NULL     | 8       |
| 209        | Customer Feedback  | 10-09-2023 | NULL     | 10      |
| 210        | Procurement System | 01-10-2023 | NULL     | 9       |

#### 4. Employee\_Project Table

| emp_id | project_id | hours_allocated |
|--------|------------|-----------------|
| 102    | 202        | 120             |
| 104    | 202        | 80              |
| 103    | 201        | 100             |
| 106    | 201        | 150             |
| 101    | 203        | 50              |
| 105    | 204        | 70              |
| 107    | 202        | 60              |
| 109    | 207        | 90              |
| 110    | 206        | 110             |
| 108    | 203        | 40              |

##### Section A: DDL (Schema Creation & Modification)

1. Write SQL statements to create the above tables with the specified constraints
2. Alter the Employees table to add a column bonus NUMBER(10,2)(8,2) with default value 0.
3. Drop the column bonus from Employees.

##### Section B: DML (Insert, Update, Delete)

4. Insert at least 10 rows into Departments, Employees, Projects, and Employee\_Project.(use the above data set)
5. Try inserting an employee with a negative salary (should fail due to CHECK constraint).
6. Update the salary of the employee with emp\_id = 103 by 15%.
7. Delete an employee record who has resigned (choose any emp\_id).
8. Increase all employees' salaries in the IT department by 5%.
9. Change the department of an employee to "Research".(should fail due to FK constraint)

##### Section C: DQL (Select Queries)

10. List all employees and their details.
11. Show all employees in the "HR" department.
12. Find employees with salaries between 50,000 and 80,000.
13. Retrieve employees hired after 2020.
14. Show employees who are in either the IT or Finance department.
15. Find employees whose email ends with "@corp.com".
16. List all employees with salary > 60,000 AND located in "New York".
17. Display employees in descending order of salary.
18. Count the number of employees in each department.
19. Show the average salary of employees department-wise.
20. Display departments where the average salary is greater than 70,000.
21. Find the number of employees in each project.
22. Display departments with more than 3 employees.
23. Show the sum of all salaries department-wise.
24. List all distinct department IDs from the Employees table.
25. Show employee names with the year they were hired.
26. Show employees grouped by the year of hire.
27. List employees hired in the last 90 days.
28. List the no of years of experience of all the employees

**Section D: Joins**

29. List all employees with their department names (INNER JOIN).
30. Display all departments along with employees, including those departments without employees (LEFT JOIN).
31. Show employees and the projects they are working on (JOIN 3 tables: Employees, Employee\_Project, Projects).
32. List projects along with total hours allocated by employees.
33. Write a query to find employees who are working on more than one project.
34. Show all projects handled by the 'Finance' department.

**Section E: PL/SQL Programming**

1. Write a PL/SQL program to find factorial of a number.
2. Write a PL/SQL program to find sum of digits of an integer
3. Write a PL/SQL Program to demonstrate a for loop.
4. Write a PL/SQL Program to demonstrate procedures.
5. Write a PL/SQL Program to demonstrate Aggregate functions.
6. Write a procedure GetEmpInfo that takes emp\_id as input and displays name, salary, and department.
7. Write a PL/SQL block that checks if an employee's salary is above 50,000. If yes, print "High Salary" ;Otherwise print "Standard Salary".
8. Write a PL/SQL program to display the top 10 rows in the Emp table based on their job and salary
9. Write a stored procedure GiveBonus that takes department ID and a designation as input, along with a bonus amount, and updates the salary of all employees in that department who have the specified designation by adding the bonus amount to their current salary.



**SEMESTER – II**  
**COURSE 4: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**  
**Model Question Paper**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**SECTION - A**

Answer any FIVE of the following questions.  
(Marks: 5x4 marks =20 marks)

1. Explain data and information.
2. Write about keys used in relational model..
3. Write about Relational Degree.
4. What is functional dependency?
5. Write about SQL Literals.
6. Discuss Table modification command.
7. What are aggregate functions? Explain any three functions with an example
8. What are the uses of Grant and Revoke commands?
9. Write the structure of PL/SQL program.
10. Define variable in PL/SQL. Explain declaration of variables.

**SECTION - B**

Answer FIVE questions, Choosing ONE question from each unit.  
(Marks: 5x10 marks =50 marks)

**UNIT-I**

11. a) Write the advantages of Database Management System.  
(Or)

b) Write the Codd's relational database rules.

**UNIT-II**

12. a) Write the components of an Entity–Relationship model.  
(Or)

b) What is normalization? Discuss about Normal forms.

**UNIT-III**

13. a) Write about DDL commands with syntax and example.  
(Or)

b) Discuss TCL commands with an example.

**UNIT-IV**

14. a) Write about Sub query and correlated query.  
(Or)

b) What is an operator? Write about Relational Set operators.

**UNIT-V**

15. a) Write about data types in PL/SQL.  
(Or)

b) Write about conditional control statements.

**Instruction to Paper Setter:**

**Two questions must be given from each unit in Section -A.**